



# **COURSE SPECIFICATIONS (CS)**

## **Nuclear Physics 1**

**PHYS 481**

June 2018

Institution: **King Saud University**

Date of Report: **October 2017**

College/Department : **Physics and Astronomy Department- College of Science**

#### A. Course Identification and General Information

1. Course title and code: **Nuclear Physics 1 (Phys 481)**

2. Credit hours: **3(3+0+0)**

3. Program(s) in which the course is offered.

(If general elective available in many programs indicate this rather than list programs):

**B.Sc. Physics program**

4. Name of faculty member responsible for the course:

**Dr. Mohamed S. ALGARAWI and Dr. S. Al-Ghamdi**

5. Level/year at which this course is offered : **Level 7 (fourth year)**

6. Pre-requisites for this course (if any): **Modern Physics 1 (Phys 352)**

7. Co-requisites for this course (if any): ---- Phys 452

8. Location if not on main campus: -----

9. Mode of Instruction (mark all that apply)

- |                                     |                                     |                  |                                 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| a. traditional classroom            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | What percentage? | <input type="text" value="90"/> |
| b. blended (traditional and online) | <input type="checkbox"/>            | What percentage? | <input type="text"/>            |
| c. e-learning                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | What percentage? | <input type="text" value="10"/> |
| d. correspondence                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | What percentage? | <input type="text"/>            |
| f. other                            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |                  | <input type="text"/>            |

Comments:

## B Objectives

<p>1. What is the main purpose for this course?</p> <p><b>1- This course aims to present a detailed description of basic ideas of nuclear physics such as nuclear properties, Nuclear reactions: Q-value of the nuclear reactions, threshold energy (<math>E_{th}</math>), nuclear reactions interaction of radiation with matter and nuclear detection, - Binding energy and the liquid drop model.</b></p> <p><b>2- The student should be able to identify an Introduction to basic nuclear physics.</b></p> <p><b>3- the student should be able to use physical laws and principles for solving problems.</b></p> <p><b>4- the student should be able to work independently and within a group.</b></p> <p><b>5- the student should be able to use of the internet.</b></p>
<p>2. Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field)</p> <p><b>1- The course content has been revised and a new syllabus is written.</b></p> <p><b>2- Students are encouraged to communicate through the e-mail of the lecturer site which has many links to important sources of knowledge in the field of nuclear physics.</b></p> <p><b>3- Encourage students to search in the specialized web sites in the internet to increase their knowledge about nuclear reactors and to follow any result of new research in the field.</b></p>

<p><b>C. Course Description:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Properties of the nucleus: Isotopes, nuclear binding energy, angular momentum, nuclear electromagnetic moments, nuclear forces.</li> <li>- Radioactivity: Decay law (<math>\tau</math>, <math>t_{1/2}</math>), natural radioactivity, successive decay, artificial radioactivity basic <math>\alpha</math> – decay process, <math>\beta</math> -decays and <math>\gamma</math> -transitions.</li> <li>- Nuclear reactions: Q-value, threshold energy (<math>E_{th}</math>), Internal Conversion, Decay Schemes.</li> <li>- Interaction of radiation with matter: Interaction of heavy (<math>\alpha</math>, p, d) and light (<math>e^-</math>, <math>e^+</math>), charged particles with matter, stopping power, interaction of gamma radiation with matter (Photoelectric, Compton and pair production)</li> <li>-Binding energy and the liquid drop model.</li> </ul>
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(Note: General description in the form to be used for the Bulletin or handbook should be attached)

1 Topics to be Covered		
Topic	No of Weeks	Contact hours
<b>- Properties of the nucleus: Isotopes, nuclear binding energy, angular momentum, nuclear electromagnetic moments, nuclear forces.</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>- Radioactivity: Decay law, natural radioactivity, basic alpha decay process, Beta decays.</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>-Nuclear reactions: Q-value of the nuclear reactions, threshold energy (<math>E_{th}</math>).</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>

- Interaction of radiation with matter: Interaction of heavy particles ( $\alpha$ , p, d) and light particles ( $e^-$ , $e^+$ ), stopping power, interaction of gamma radiation with matter (photoelectric, Compton and pair production).	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>
- Binding energy and the liquid drop model	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>

2. Course components (total contact hours and credits per semester): <b>45</b> credit hours						
	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Practical	Other:	Total
Contact Hours	<b>45</b>	-----	-----	-----	-----	<b>45</b>
Credit	<b>45</b>	-----	-----	-----	-----	<b>45</b>

3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.	<b>3 h/Week</b>
<b>Average weekly for solving homework problems:</b>	

4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy

**On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.**

**First**, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. (Courses are not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.)

Code #	NQF Learning Domains And Course Learning Outcomes	Course Teaching Strategies	Course Assessment Methods
<b>1.0</b>	<b>Knowledge</b>		
1.1	This is an introductory course, which gives the student a wide and general look at the different aspects of nuclear physics that related to properties of the nucleus, isotopes, nuclear binding energy, nuclear forces, radioactivity, nuclear reactions, Q-value, interaction of radiation with matter and the liquid drop model.	1- Give notes 2- Text books 3- Homework	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In class short MCQs quizzes.</li> <li>• Major and final examinations.</li> </ul>
<b>2.0</b>	<b>Cognitive Skills</b>		
2.1	-Ability to solve problems related to Topics Covered.	-Problem solving -Discussions in the	-In class short MCQs quizzes.

	-Write one or two essays about a nuclear topic	class during lectures	- Checking the - Solution of problems as well as homework assignments
2.2			
<b>3.0</b>	<b>Interpersonal Skills &amp; Responsibility</b>		
3.1	Work independently	Solving problems in groups during tutorial at the end of each chapter	-Through discussions in the lectures -Checking reports -Asking questions -Quizzes and Exams
3.2	Work within a group		
<b>4.0</b>	<b>Communication, Information Technology, Numerical</b>		
4.1	Strongly encourage the students to use the internet in search for knowledge	1-Set and receive homework through the lecturers electronic Web-site 2- Encourage students to use the Internet to seek course related information	1-Grading the student homework 2- Grading essays
4.2	Write essays		
<b>5.0</b>	<b>Psychomotor</b>		
5.1	NA		
5.2			

5. Schedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester			
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination, speech, oral presentation, etc.)	Week Due	Proportion of Total Assessment
<b>1</b>	<b>Class activities (questions, discussion, and homework)</b>	<b>weekly</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Term exam I</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Term exam II</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Final exam</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>40%</b>

#### D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)

**Office hours: 10 hours/ week**

#### E. Learning Resources

##### 1. List Required Textbooks

**a- Introductory Nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane, Publisher: John Wiley, 1988**

**b- An Introductory to the Physics of Nuclei and Particles, by R.A.Dunlop, Thomson, 2004**

**c-Electronic Materials, Web Sites etc.**

2. List Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)

**a- Nuclear Physics by Irving Kaplan, 1979**

**b- Introduction to Nuclear Physics, by Enge, Publisher: Addison Wisley**

3. List Recommended Textbooks and Reference Material (Journals, Reports, etc)

**- Introduction to Nuclear Physics, by Enge, Publisher: Addison Wisley, 1975.**

4. List Electronic Materials (eg. Web Sites, Social Media, Blackboard, etc.)

**Websites on the internet that are relevant to the topics of the course such as:**

**<http://www.rsphysse.anu.edu.au/nuclear>**

**<http://nucleardata.nuclear.lu.se/database/masses>**

**<http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html>**

**<http://www.nndc.bnl.gov>**

**<http://ie.lbl.gov/toi.html>**

5. Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

**Not applicable**

#### F. Facilities Required

Indicate requirements for the course including size of classrooms and laboratories (i.e. number of seats in classrooms and laboratories, extent of computer access etc.)

1. Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.)

**Lecture room with at least 30 seats.**

2. Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.) <b>a- Scientific calculator for each student</b> <b>b- Personal Computer.</b>
3. Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach list) <b>Not applicable</b>

## G Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

1 Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching <b>-Examination results and type of questions answered</b> <b>-Course evaluation by student.</b>
2 Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Program/Department Instructor <b>a- Peer consultation on teaching</b> <b>b- Departmental council discussions</b> <b>c- Discussions within the group of faculty teaching the course</b>
3 Processes for Improvement of Teaching <b>Workshops on teaching and learning methods.</b>
4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution) <b>Providing statistical information based on examination results.</b>
5 Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement. <b>a- The course material is periodically reviewed and the changes to be taken are approved in the departmental and higher councils.</b> <b>b- The head of department and faculty take the responsibility of implementing the proposed changes.</b>

Faculty or Teaching Staff: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Report Completed: \_\_\_\_\_

Received by: \_\_\_\_\_ Dean/Department Head

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_